

### PLANNING TO BE PREPARED

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### THERE IS A LOT OF INFORMATION

BUT WHAT IS IT THAT IS GOING TO MOTIVATE PEOPLE TO DO SOMETHING?



#### **FLORIDA EXPERIENCE**

A PERSONAL STORY ABOUT DISASTER PREPAREDNESS



# COMMUNITY PREPAREDNESS IS A COMMON JOURNEY

We all have our role to play and how well prepared we are as a community is determined by the weakest link.



















### SOME FACTS ABOUT HURRICANE ANDREW:

Second costliest storm in U.S. history.

Residents had less than one day to prepare their homes and to evacuate coastal areas.

Most damage was wind based.

Ground-based wind measuring tools and technology were either destroyed by flying debris or incapable of registering Andrew's maximum winds.

Most of the damage caused to homes was a result of faulty construction.



#### **RESULTS OF HURRICANE ANDREW:**

Hurricane Center improved ability of measuring tools to withstand hurricane force winds.

Hurricane prediction models significantly improved.

South Florida now has the strongest building codes in the nation.

Most cities in South Florida no longer allow new mobile homes.

Mobile homes are always under a mandatory evacuation order.



#### 9 YEARS LATER HURRICANE IRENE

#### MINIMAL WIND EVENT

Minimal wind impact but 10-15 inches of rain in South Florida

Several people were electrocuted after the storm

Fairly significant impact on trees in new developments





#### IMPACT OF TROPICAL STORM IRENE

Focus on educating people about downed powerlines

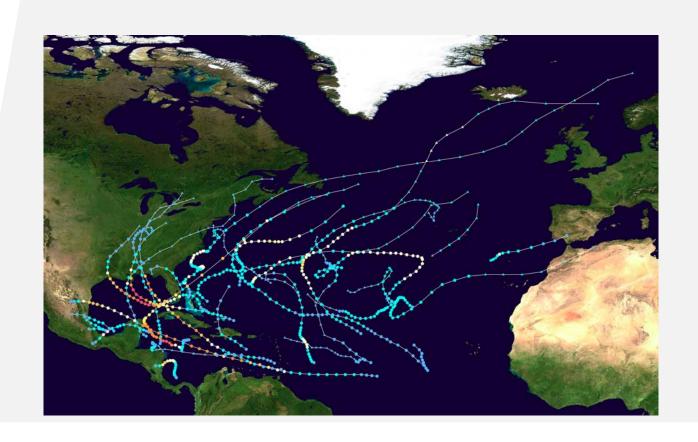
Requirements to burry powerlines in new developments

Recognition of impact of vegetation choice on damage

Homeowners start turning off their sprinklers.



### **MOVE FORWARD TO 2005**





#### **IMPACT OF 2005 SEASON**

People were without power for weeks.

Home insurance rates went through the roof.

Serious damage to transportation "hardware".



#### **RESULTS OF 2005 HURRICANE SEASON:**

Better communication between first responders.

Generators in grocery stores and gas stations.

Massive changes in "transportation hardware."

Massive shift from hurricane panels to accordion shutters and tempered glass by homeowners.

Massive investment by homeowners in portable generators.

Changes in landscaping by homeowners (native plants, wood chips)

Coordinated but informal cleanup by homeowners.



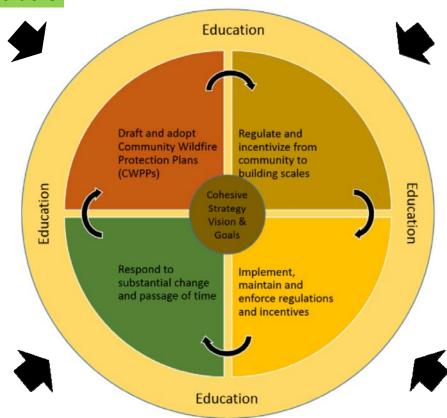
# SO WHY AM I TALKING ABOUT HURRICANES IN FLORIDA?

Because today South Florida is better prepared than almost any other location in the US for hurricanes and other emergencies but it took about 15 years to get it done. CWPP Wide variety of stakeholders

University of Idaho

College of Art and Architecture

Everybody
Federal and State agencies
Scientists
Specific Stakeholders
Fire Community
Insurance Community



Comprehensive Plan Building Code Zoning Ordinance

Code Enforcement
P&Z Commission
City Council
HOA
Residents/Landowners



Far reaching changes can be achieved very quickly when people are ready.



Recovery can be a good time to "fix" problems properly (but make sure not to make the same mistake again).



Different players are motivated to become engaged by different triggers.



These triggers that motivate action rarely occur at the same time for all stakeholders.



Rather than getting frustrated that we can't get everybody around the table and that people don't seem to care, focus on strengthening the weakest link.



We need to learn from each other's experiences and take advantage of both "internal" and "external" events.



#### **RECOGNIZE POTENTIAL TRIGGERS**

#### **EXTERNAL:**

- Fire event
- Recovery event
- Population growth

#### **INTERNAL:**

- Update of comprehensive plan
- Update of land use regulations
- Development review



In order to be truly prepared there has to be a "culture" change, an understanding that everybody has a unique set of responsibilities.



The response to hurricanes is written up in county wide disaster mitigation plans but the only people that use that plan are the emergency management folks.



Your preparedness always depends on your weakest link.



If you want to get more and/or different people around the table, you need to change the topic to something that is relevant (and urgent) to them.



Stakeholders are more likely to actively listen to their peers than a representative from some other stakeholder group.



80 percent of homes burn down because of embers ..... if I had been as informed about wildfires as I am about hurricanes, I would not have bought a home with a wood shingle roof.



How do I make myself persuasive?
Enlightened self interest.
Put yourself in the shoes of the person you are talking to.



How do you get the word out? Know your audience. Know what triggers their attention.



Three people showed up.

If we want people to show up we need to figure out how to frame the issue on their terms.



How do we connect the two sides of the WUI?

My side of the WUI has limited capacity and is faced with some of the fastest growth in the country



Smokey Bear is not always there to help.

But people think he is, that is the big difference with hurricanes in Florida. You know that you will be on your own.



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